

Matrix on 5-Pillar Crime Management Strategy

Pillar	Description	Examples of Programmes/Interventions
Crime Prevention through Social Development	Targeted multidisciplinary efforts that address the root causes of crime and violence. Such as: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Housing b. Family income, c. Parent child relations d. Poor educational outcomes e. Peer associations that encourage delinquency etc. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Homework after school programmes ▪ Children Curfews ▪ Parenting programmes ▪ Sports and Recreation ▪ School based interventions ▪ Parenting programmes ▪ Early childhood support ▪ Life skills and technical skills training ▪ Victim Support ▪ Community violence interruption activity ▪ Mentorship
Effective Policing Processes	Increased efforts that pursue police reform by bridging the gap between institutions and citizens through mechanisms such as community policing and family police stations designed to provide immediate services to women and children in cases involving intra-family violence or child support.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Expanded community policing to better engage citizens ▪ Stay Alert
Sure and Swift Justice	Refers to measures that bring more crimes to justice with appropriate penalties to increase the risk of getting caught and deter potential offenders, as well as strengthen the work of the police, prosecution, courts, and corrections to investigate, detect, prosecute and convict through the Court Management System (CMS).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Child and Youth Diversion ▪ Expansion of Restorative Justice Programme
Reducing Re-offending	Measures that include rehabilitation and strategies to reduce repeat victimisation, providing greater synergy in services for offenders, and the achievement of effective community reintegration.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Mentorship ▪ Life skills and technical skills training ▪ Livelihood
Situational Prevention	Refers to measures that reduce opportunities for particular crime and violence problems through spatial interventions, such as crime prevention through environmental design (CPTED) methodology, CCTV, Shot Spotter and urban renewal.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Bushing of overgrown lots that are known to harbour criminals ▪ Street lighting in high crime areas ▪ Street signage ▪ Zinc fence removal